

**THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL
“CHANDIGARH BENCH, CHANDIGARH”
(Exercising powers of Adjudicating Authority under
the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016)
(through web-based video conferencing platform)**

CP (IB) No. 284/Chd/Hry/2019

**Under Section 9 of Insolvency and
Bankruptcy Code, 2016.**

In the matter of:

Joginder Singh

having Proprietorship concern of
M/s JK Viklang Kendra and Surgical House
with its registered office at
27, Super Bazar, Opposite Civil
Hospital, Gurgaon Haryana-122002

...Petitioner-Operational Creditor

Vs.

EHL Healthcare Private Limited

with its registered office at
K-913, Jalvayu Tower Sector-56
Gurgaon, Haryana-122002

...Respondent-Corporate Debtor

Judgement delivered on: 03.02.2022

**Coram: Hon'ble Mr. Harnam Singh Thakur, Member (Judicial)
Hon'ble Mr. Subrata Kumar Dash, Member (Technical)**

For the Petitioner-Operational Creditor : Mr. S.P. Singh Chawla, Advocate

For the respondent-Corporate Debtor : Mr. Devansh Khanna, Advocate

Per: Harnam Singh Thakur, Member (Judicial)

JUDGMENT

The present petition is filed, under Section 9 of the Insolvency and
Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (**for brevity 'IBC' / 'Code'**), by M/s JK Viklang Kendra

and Surgical House (**for brevity 'Operational Creditor' / 'Petitioner'**), represented by its Proprietor Mr. Joginder Singh, with a prayer to initiate Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (**CIRP**) in case of EHL Healthcare Private Limited (**for brevity 'Corporate Debtor' / 'Respondent'**).

2. The Corporate Debtor namely, EHL Healthcare Private Limited, is a Company incorporated on 18.09.2014 under the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 with CIN No. U74140HR2014PTC053412 with its registered office at K-913, Jalvayu Tower Sector-56, Gurgaon, Haryana-122002. Hence, the territorial jurisdiction lies with this Adjudicating Authority. Copy of master data of corporate debtor is attached with main petition and marked as Annexure 8.

3. The facts of the case, briefly, as stated in the petition are that the operational creditor was approached by the corporate debtor for supply of various clinical and surgical products and various invoices were raised which were duly received and acknowledged.

4. It is submitted by the petitioner in Form 5, Part IV that amount claimed to be in default is Rs. 3,21,100/- (which is inclusive of 24% interest p.a. from the date of default till date) and the default occurred on various dates between 08.05.2018 to till date. Copy of statement of dues and copy of ledger account of EHL Healthcare Private Limited, for the period from 17.04.2017 to 18.11.2018 as maintained in the books of petitioner is attached with the main petition and marked as Annexure 2. Copy of bank statement for the relevant period of default is also attached with the main petition and marked as Annexure 4. Copy of the certificate from statutory auditor certifying that no payment has been made by the corporate debtor to the petitioner is attached with the main petition and marked as Annexure 5.

5. A demand notice in Form 3 dated 03.05.2019 is stated to be issued to the operational creditor by registered post on 03.05.2019 and the same has been delivered to the operational creditor.

6. In Part-III of Form No. 5, Mr. Sanyam Goel, Registration No. IBBI/IPA-002/IP-N00138/2017-18/10397 has been proposed as Interim Resolution Professional (IRP) by the petitioner. Form No. 2 dated 27.05.2019 submitted by the proposed IRP is also enclosed with the petition, in which he has stated that he is not serving as a IRP/RP/Liquidator in any proceedings. It is also stated that there are no disciplinary proceedings pending against the professional with the Board or with Indian Institute of Insolvency Professionals of ICAI.

7. Accordingly, order dated 13.06.2019, notice of this petition issued to the corporate debtor to show cause as why this petition be not admitted. Mr. Yash Pal Gupta, Advocate who is present, accepts notice and filed his Memo of Appearance on behalf of corporate debtor.

8. It is submitted that the respondent-corporate debtor in its reply vide Diary No. 5109 dated 25.09.2019 that the alleged amount claimed is incorrect and the alleged payment of invoices were not duly paid in full at the time of work due to some mismatch in the accounts of the corporate debtor which has been reflected in the account ledger of the petitioner.

9. The respondent-corporate debtor has submitted that corporate debtor is in financial distress and would be greatly aided by corporate restructuring and further submitted that the statement of accounts filed by the petitioner is incorrect and rate of interest charged is contrary to the guidelines

of the RBI and corporate debtor is a running concern and is in position to satisfy the debt amount once the debt is ascertained and verified.

10. We have heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and corporate debtor and have perused the records.

11. The first issue for consideration is whether the demand notice in Form 3 dated 03.05.2019 was properly served. The demand notice was received as per tracking report mentioned at Page 38 of the main petition. In view of the same, it is held that the demand notice has been duly served.

12. The next issue for consideration is whether the operational debt was disputed by the corporate debtor. It is pleaded by the petitioner that no reply has been received to the demand notice dated 03.05.2019 from the corporate debtor. It is also pleaded that there is no dispute of unpaid operational debt pending between the parties in any court of law or any other authority. The same has been inferred from the affidavit in terms of Section 9(3)(b) of I&B Code, 2016. The affidavit is attached with the main petition. It implies that there is no pre-existing dispute in relation to the debt claimed as per Part IV of Form 5.

13. The other issue for consideration is whether this application is filed within limitation. A demand notice dated 03.05.2019 in Form 3 attached as Annexure 3 was duly served on the corporate debtor through speed post. It is observed that neither any reply from the corporate debtor has been filed in lieu of the above stated demand notice nor any payment has been made. Therefore, the period of limitation would begin from the date of default mentioned in Part IV, Form V i.e. 08.05.2018. This application was filed on

30.05.2019 vide Diary No. 2750. Therefore, this Adjudicating Authority finds that this application was filed within limitation.

14. We have gone through the contents of the application filed in the Form 5 and find the same to be complete. As discussed above, there is a total unpaid operational debt (in default) of ₹3,21,100/- with interest. The operational creditor has supplied goods to the corporate debtor and raised invoices attached as Annexure 1. Ledger accounts maintained by the operational creditor have been attached at Annexure 2. Accordingly, the petitioner proved the debt and the default, which is more than Rupees one lakh (prior to the amendment in threshold limit of one crore vide notification No. S.O.1205(E) dated 24.03.2020) by the respondent-corporate debtor.

15. It is noted that the corporate debtor has failed to make payment of the aforesaid amount due as mentioned in the statutory notice till date. Thus, the conditions under Section 9 of the Code stand satisfied. It is evident that from the abovementioned facts that the liability of the corporate debtor is undisputed. Accordingly, the petitioner proved the debt and the default, which is above threshold limit.

16. In the present petition all the aforesaid requirements have been satisfied. It is seen that the petition preferred by petitioner is complete in all respect. The material on record clearly goes to show that the respondent committed default in payment of the claimed operational debt even after demand made by the petitioner. In view of the satisfaction of the conditions provided for in Section 9(5)(i) of the Code, we admit the petition for initiation of the CIR Process in the case of the Corporate Debtor, EHL Healthcare

Private Limited and also direct moratorium to take effect and appoint Interim Resolution Professional as below.

17. We declare the moratorium in terms of sub-section (1) of Section 14 of the Code, as under:-

- a) the institution of suits or continuation of pending suits or proceedings against the corporate debtor including execution of any judgment, decree or order in any court of law, tribunal, arbitration panel or other authority;
- b) transferring, encumbering, alienating or disposing of by the corporate debtor any of its assets or any legal right or beneficial interest therein;
- c) any action to foreclose, recover or enforce any security interest created by the corporate debtor in respect of its property including any action under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Operational Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002;
- d) the recovery of any property by an owner or lessor where such property is occupied by or in the possession of the corporate debtor.

18. It is further directed that the supply of essential goods or services to the corporate debtor as may be specified, shall not be terminated or suspended or interrupted during moratorium period. The provisions of Section 14(3) shall however, not apply to such transactions as may be notified by the

Central Government in consultation with any operational sector regulator and to a surety in a contract of guarantee to a corporate debtor.

19. The order of moratorium shall have effect from the date of this order till completion of the corporate insolvency resolution process or until this Bench approves the resolution plan under sub-section (1) of Section 31 or passes an order for liquidation of corporate debtor under Section 33 as the case may be.

20. The Law Research Associate of this Tribunal has checked the credentials of Mr. Sanyam Goel and there is nothing adverse against him. In view of the above, we appoint Mr. Sanyam Goel, Registration No. IBBI/IPA-002/IP-N00138/2017-18/10397, E-mail: goelsanyam@gmail.com, Mobile No. 9810868515 as the Interim Resolution Professional with the following directions:-

- i.) The term of appointment of Mr. Sanyam Goel shall be in accordance with the provisions of Section 16(5) of the Code;
- ii.) In terms of Section 17 of the Code, from the date of this appointment, the powers of the Board of Directors shall stand suspended and the management of the affairs shall vest with the Interim Resolution Professional and the officers and the managers of the Corporate Debtor shall report to the Interim Resolution Professional, who shall be enjoined to exercise all the powers as are vested with Interim Resolution Professional and strictly perform all the duties as are enjoined on the Interim Resolution

Professional under Section 18 and other relevant provisions of the Code, including taking control and custody of the assets over which the Corporate Debtor has ownership rights recorded in the balance sheet of the Corporate Debtor etc. as provided in Section 18 (1) (f) of the Code. The Interim Resolution Professional is directed to prepare a complete list of inventory of assets of the Corporate Debtor;

- iii.) The Interim Resolution Professional shall strictly act in accordance with the Code, all the rules framed thereunder by the Board or the Central Government and in accordance with the Code of Conduct governing his profession and as an Insolvency Professional with high standards of ethics and moral;
- iv.) The Interim Resolution Professional shall cause a public announcement within three days as contemplated under Regulation 6 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016 of the initiation of the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process in terms of Section 13 (1) (b) of the Code read with Section 15 calling for the submission of claims against Corporate Debtor;
- v.) It is hereby directed that the Corporate Debtor, its Directors, personnel and the persons associated with the

management shall extend all cooperation to the Interim Resolution Professional in managing the affairs of the Corporate Debtor as a going concern and extend all cooperation in accessing books and records as well as assets of the Corporate Debtor;

- vi.) The Interim Resolution Professional shall after collation of all the claims received against the Corporate Debtor and the determination of the operational position of the Corporate Debtor constitute a Committee of Creditors and shall file a report, certifying constitution of the Committee to this Tribunal on or before the expiry of thirty days from the date of his appointment, and shall convene first meeting of the Committee within seven days of filing the report of constitution of the Committee; and
- vii.) The Interim Resolution Professional is directed to send regular progress report to this Tribunal every fortnight.

21. The petitioner is directed to deposit an amount of ₹25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand Only) with the Interim Resolution Professional to meet the immediate expenses of the CIRP within two weeks. The same shall be fully accountable by Interim Resolution Professional and shall be reimbursed by the Committee of Creditors (CoC) to the petitioner to be recovered as the CIRP cost.

22. A copy of this order be communicated to both the parties. The learned counsel for the petitioner shall deliver copy of this order to the Interim

Resolution Professional forthwith. The Registry is also directed to send copy of this order to the Interim Resolution Professional at his email address forthwith.

Sd/-
(Subrata Kumar Dash)
Member (Technical)

Sd/-
(Harnam Singh Thakur)
Member (Judicial)

February 03, 2022
YP/ASH