IN THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL, NEW DELHI COURT-III

Item No.02 IA-2414/2022 In IB-292(ND)/2021

IN THE MATTER OF:

Mr. Balaji Durobuild Pvt. Ltd. APPLICANT/PETITIONER

Vs.

Sandwoods Infratech Projects Pvt. Ltd. RESPONDENT

SECTION

U/s 9 IBC code 2016 Order pronounced on 10.08.2023

CORAM:

SHRI BACHU VENKAT BALARAM DAS, HON'BLE MEMBER (JUDICIAL)

SHRI ATUL CHATURVEDI, HON'BLE MEMBER (TECHNICAL)

PRESENT:

For the Applicant : For the Respondent :

ORDER

Order pronounced in open court vide separate sheets. IA-2414/2022 in IB-292(ND)/2021is **allowed.**

Sd/-(ATUL CHATURVEDI) MEMBER (TECHNICAL) Sd/-(BACHU VENKAT BALARAM DAS) MEMBER (JUDICIAL)

IN THE NATIONAL COMPANY LAW TRIBUNAL NEW DELHI (COURT III)

IA-2414/2022 In Company Petition No. IB-292(ND)/2021

Under Section 30(6) & 31 of IBC r/w Regulation 39(4) of CIRP Regulations 2016.

IN THE MATTER OF:-

Mr. Balaji Durobuild Pvt. LtdApplicant/Operational Creditor

Versus

Sandwoods Infratech Projects Pvt. Ltd.Respondent/Corporate Debtor

AND

IN THE MATTER OF:-

Mr. Ravinder Kumar GoelResolution Professional/Applicant

Pronounced on 10.08.2023

CORAM:-

SHRI ATUL CHATURVEDI MEMBER (TECHNICAL)

SHRI BACHU VENKAT BALARAM DAS MEMBER (JUDICIAL)

PRESENT:-

For the Applicant

: Mr. Sourabh Kalia, Advocate for RP

For the Respondent

ORDER

Per Shri BachuVenkat Balaram Das, Member (J)

- 1. This application has been filed by the Resolution Professional of the Corporate Debtor seeking approval of the Resolution Plan submitted by D Konda (Successful Resolution Applicant) under Section 30(6) r/w 31(1) of IBC 2016 r/w Regulation 39(4) of CIRP Regulations, 2016. The facts of the case are as under:-
- (a) The Company Petition i.e. **IB-292/ND/ 2021** was filed by M/s Balaji Durobuild Private Limited, the Operational Creditor seeking initiation of

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- CIRP against M/s Sandwoods Infratech Projects Private Limited, the Corporate Debtor herein.
- (b) This Adjudicating Authority vide order dated 25.10.2021 initiated CIRP of the Corporate Debtor and appointed Mr. Ravinder Kumar Goyal, as Interim Resolution Professional.
- (c) Mr. Ravindra Kumar Goyal, the Interim Resolution Professional (hereinafter after referred to as IRP) took necessary steps as provided in the Code for publication of "Form A" calling for submission of claims from the creditors, workers and employee and other stakeholders of the Corporate Debtor. Pursuant to the public announcement, the IRP received several claims from various stakeholders of the Corporate Debtor.
- (d) Accordingly, the Resolution Professional constituted the Committee of Creditors as envisaged under Section 21 of the Code. The list of CoC members along with their respective voting share as on the date of filing of this application is as under:

Sl No	Name of COC Member	Voting Share(%)
1	State Bank of India	10.45
2	Punjab National Bank	17.80
3	Home Buyer being identified as Financial Creditor in Class (Total 264 no)	71.75
	Total	100

(e) The 1st meeting of Committee of Creditors was held on 24.11.2021 and Shri Ravinder Kumar Goyal, the IRP was confirmed as the Resolution Professional and the same was approved by this Tribunal vide order dated 16.12.2021.

- (f) The 3rd meeting of the Committee of Creditors was held on 01.01.2022, the Resolution with respect to publication of Form G, Information Memorandum (IM), eligibility criteria of Resolution Applicant, evaluation matrix and performance security of Resolution Applicant were finalized and approved by the members of CoC.
- (g) The Applicant published Form G as per Regulation 36A (1) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016 on 07.01.2022 and the last date of submission of Expression of Interest was 13.03.2022 which was subsequently extended to 27.03.2022 by CoC.
- (h) The total number of Expression of Interest (EoIs) received was 5 and the IRP finalized the list of Prospective Resolution Applicants who had submitted their eligibility documents along with their respective EOIs.
- (i) On 13.03.2022, D Konda submitted its Resolution Plan within the timeline of RFRP and on 12.03.2022, the Resolution Professional received a request from Mr. Sumit Kumar Khanna one of the PRA (s) to extend the time for submission of plan by two weeks.
- (j) The CoC in its 4th meeting held on 17.03.2022 extended the last date for submission of Resolution Plan to 27.03.2022.
- (k) In view of the extension of the last date for submission of the Resolution Plan a proposal for extension of CIRP period by 90 days was moved by the Resolution Professional which was granted by the CoC with 100% voting shares. Subsequently, an application seeking extension of CIRP was filed before this Adjudicating Authority and the extension was granted vide order dated 24.05.2022.
- (l) In the 5th meeting of the Committee of Creditors discussion on Resolution Plan submitted by D Konda was held and the fair and Liquidation value was shared with all members of CoC subject to furnishing of confidentiality undertaking.
- (m) In the 6th meeting of the CoC which was held on 04.05.2022, the RP placed before the CoC Resolution Plan as submitted by D Konda.

Subsequently, the Resolution Plan was presented for voting and was approved by the members of CoC by 71.75% voting shares. One of the Financial Creditors i.e. Punjab National Bank holding 17.80% shares abstained from voting.

(n) The Applicant/Resolution Professional has stated that a total of Six (6) COC meetings were held as on the date of filing of the present application which are as under:

Particulars	Date of COC Meeting	
1st COC Meeting	24.11.2021	
2 nd COC Meeting	22.12.2021	
3rd COC Meeting	01.01.2022	
4th COC Meeting	17.03.2022	
5th COC Meeting	13.04.2022	
6th COC Meeting	04.05.2022	

- (o) That 6 valuers (two valuers for each class of asset) were appointed as per the provisions of Regulation 27 of CIRP Regulations, 2016 to determine the Fair Value and Liquidation Value of the Corporate Debtor in accordance with Regulation 35 of CIRP Regulations, 2016.
- (p) The average of two estimates each of Land and Building, Securities or Financial Assets and Plant & Machinery are as under:

S. No.	Name of Registered Valuer	Assets	Fair Value (In ₹)	Liquidation Value (In ₹)	Average Liquidation Value (In ₹)
1	Anil Kumar Saxena		3,88,00,000.00	3,10,00,000.00	
2	Gtech Valuers Private Limited (RVE)	Land & building	5,98,08,000.00	3,62,75,000.00	3,36,37,500.00
3	Gtech Valuers Private Limited (RVE)	Securities or	1,32,47,000.00	45,17,000.00	
4	MohitSagar	Financial Assets	1,08,99,000.00	42,98,000.00	44,07,500.00
5	Meet Jitendrabhai Patel	21	11,30,650.00	8,82,625.00	
6	Gtech Valuers Private Limited (RVE)	Plant & Machinery	12,08,000.00	8,46,000.00	8,64,312.50

- (q) The Resolution Professional further submitted that M/s. AKG & Associates, Chartered Accountants was appointed as transaction/forensic auditor to identify the transactions, if any under the following;-
 - (a) Preferential transactions under section 43;
 - (b) Undervalued transactions under section 45;
 - (c) Extortionate credit transactions under section 50; and
 - (d) Fraudulent transactions under section 66.

The transaction auditor in his report has not reported any transaction covered under Section 43, 45, 50, 66 of IBC, 2016.

- (r) The Successful Resolution Applicant i.e., D Konda submitted an affidavit of eligibility under Section 29A of the Code.
- (s) The Resolution Professional has submitted that the Resolution Plan complaint in terms of Section 30(2) IBC and Regulation 37 and Regulation 38 of the CIRP Regulations, 2016.

CONTENT OF RESOLUTION PLAN

Particulars of Payments under Resolution Plan-

Rs. In Lacs

S.	Particular	Claim	Proposed	% of	Payment
No		Admitted	Amount in	Claim	Term
			Resolution	Admitted	
			Plan		
1.	Insolvency	N/a	1,10,00,000	100%	100% within
	Resolution		(Approx.)		30 days
	Process Cost		However if		
			this figure		
			increase,		
			then RA		
			will also		

			pay.		
2.	Workmen/	9,31,344.22	9,31,344.22	100%	Payment Term
	Employees				* 100 % within
					30 days of
					completion of
					both the
					project
3.	Financial	40,89,27,52	1,50,00,000	3.67%	Payment Term
	Creditors	4.74			* 100 % within
	(secured)				3 month of
					completion of
					both the
					project.
					Payment to
					dissenting
					creditor is
					more than
					their share of
					liquidation
					value under
					section 53 of
					IBC.
4.	Financial	108642792	NA	NA	(RA proposing
	Creditors	8.21	(RA		to complete
	(Unsecured)(Ho		proposing		both the
	me Buyers)		to complete		projects at
			both the		Mohali
			projects at		(Landran) &
			Mohali		Kasauli within
			(Landran) &		9 month of

			Kasauli as		approval of
			per the		Plan by AA as
			approved		per the
			Plans)		approved
			without any		Plans) without
			escalation		any
					escalation.(Par
					a 13 of Plan)
5.	Financial	157494870.	3200000	2.03%	Payment Term
	Creditors	74			* 100 % within
	(Unsecured				90 days
	Related party)				
6.	Operational	35255433.7	710000	2.01%	Payment Term
	Creditors	0			* 100 % within
					30 days of
					completion of
					both the
					project
7.	Operational	0	0	NA	
	Creditor-				
	Government				
	Dues				
8.	Other	0	0	NA	Payment Term
	Creditors				* 100 % within
					90 days

Implementation of Projects of the Corporate Debtor

The Corporate Debtor has 2 projects:

a) Mohali (Landran) Project- It is a residential project consisting of 10(Ten)

Towers consisting of 394 flats & 5 shops out of which 7 towers are

completed in all respects & construction work is going on with respect to

balance 3 towers. Around 200 families are residing.

b) Kasauli Project- It is a residential project consisting of Flats(40 in

number) & Villas(10 in numbers). Construction of villas are completed and

for flats only internal work pending.

As per IM, out of total 449 owners of Flats, Shops and Villas at both the

projects, only 269 homebuyers have filled their claims with RP. However,

the RA is proposing to complete both the projects at Mohali (Landran) &

Kasauli within 9 month from the date of approval of Plan by AA for all the

homebuyers whether they have filled their claims or not. Both the projects

would be completed out of amount receivable from all Homebuyers and from

sale proceeds of unsold flats of the project without any cost escalation. (Para

13 of Plan at page 137 of Application).

No amount would be payable to any homebuyer as specified below:

(i) As per the agreement to sell executed by corporate debtor with various

homebuyers, there is a clause for payment of penalty amount @ Rs. 5

per square feet per month for delayed period after 36 month plus

grace period of 6 month.

(ii) The Corporate debtor may have made some other commitments to

some Homebuyers to compensate them for delay in project like

assured return, pre-EMI interest or assured rent etc.

The RA has proposed that no such penalties/compensation for delayed

construction would be paid to any homebuyers since the RA is proposing to

complete both the project as per approved plan which would be a very

herculean task considering substantial increase during last 5 years in prices of

various inputs/materials required for completion of the projects. All facilities as

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proposed in approved plan would be provided in both the projects. Further as the projects have to be completed out of the funds received from the Homebuyers, so it is pre-requisite that these funds should be paid by the Homebuyers in agreed timelines. In case of default RA shall be at liberty to cancel the allotment of the defaulter and forfeit 25% of the BSP amount and to allot the flat to a new buyer. The balance due if any of the existing homebuyers shall be repaid after the completion of the project along with the Financial Creditors.

Any and all rights and entitlements of any actual or potential unsecured financial creditors of the Corporate Debtor not addressed in Clause 6.7, whether admitted or not, due or contingent, asserted or un-asserted, crystallised or un-crystallised, known or unknown, disputed or undisputed, present or future, in relation to any period prior to the acquisition of control by the Resolution Applicant over the Corporate Debtor pursuant to this Resolution Plan or arising on account of the acquisition of control by the Resolution Applicant over the Corporate Debtor pursuant to this Resolution Plan, shall stand permanently extinguished and the Corporate Debtor or the Resolution Applicant shall at no point of time, directly or indirectly, have any obligation, liability or duty in relation thereto.

• Mohali (Landran) Project:

As per the information gathered during site visits and discussion with RP, as per the approved plan and brochure of project, CD has to provide facilities of modular kitchen, Geyser in all bathrooms, one RO and one Chimney in kitchen. Since the projects is to be completed in a time bound period and also due to varied preferences of homebuyers for these appliances, RA has proposed to deduct Rs. 80000/- (Rupees Eighty thousand only) in lieu of these facilities, from the sale price of flat at the time of full and final payment.

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Kasauli Project:

As per IM, the owner of land of this project is Mrs. Uma Bagolia and all licences/permissions are in her name as, she being Himachali and CD was working as developer of this project. The Resolution Applicant will also be completing this project as developer and all legal requirements like obtaining permission from State Government under section 118 of HP Tenancy and Land Reforms Act, 1972, execution of sale deeds in favour of homebuyers, will be done by Mrs. Uma Bagolia.

As per the due diligence by RA and information in IM, the total approximate expense to be incurred for completion of this project would be about Rs. 5 Crore and balance funds to be received from homebuyers of Villas and Flats is also about Rs. 5 Crore. Though no tangible gain is expected by working on this project, the RA want to complete this project also in order to full fill all the liabilities and commitments of the CD.

Supervision & Management-

Para-14 of Resolution Plan provides a committee consisting of 3 members namely, the Resolution Professional (Subject to consent by Resolution Professional) or any other experienced professional, One nominee of Homebuyers and Resolution Applicant or nominees of the Resolution Applicant ("Monitoring Committee") which will supervise the Corporate Debtor during the Interim Period.

The Monitoring Committee will oversee the effective implementation of the Resolution Plan under its supervision, until the completion date

Mandatory Content of Resolution Plan

Claus e. No.	Description/Requirement	Details/how	Dealt
		within	the
		Resolution Pl	an

As set out in Section	30 (2) of the Code, 2016	
a)	Plan must provide for	Para 6.1 at page
	payment of CIRP cost in	No.19 of the
	priority to repayment of	Resolution Plan(
	other debts of CD in the	Page 114 of App)
	manner specified by the	
	Board.	
b)	i) Plan must provide for	i) Para 6.3 at page
	repayment of debts of OCs	No.20 of the
	in such manner as may be	Resolution Plan. (
	specified by the Board	Page 115 of App)
	which shall not be less	
	than the amount payable	
	to them in the event of	
	liquidation u/s 53; or	
	ii) Plan must provide for	
	repayment of debts of OCs	ii) Para 6.3 at page
	in such manner as may be	No.20 of the
	specified by the Board	Resolution Plan. (
	which shall not be not less	Page 115 of App)
	than amount that would	
	have been paid to such	
	creditors, if the amount to	
	be distributed under the	
	resolution plan had been	
	distributed in accordance	
	with the order of priority in	
	sub-section (1) of section	
	53, whichever is higher	

	and	
	iii) Provides for payment of	iii) Payment of
	debts of financial creditors	financial creditor
	who do not vote in favour	shall be made within
	of the resolution plan, in	3 month of
	such manner as may be	competition of both
	specified by the Board.	the projects.
		Payment to
		dissenting creditor is
		more than their
		share of liquidation
		value under section
		53 of IBC.
c)	Management of the affairs	Para 15 at page No.
	of the Corporate Debtor	43 of the Resolution
	after approval of the	Plan. (Page 138 of
	Resolution Plan.	App)
d)	Implementation and	Para 14 at page No.
	Supervision	42 of the Resolution
		Plan. (Page 137 of
		App)
e)	Plan does not contravene	Para 29(i)(6) at page
	any of the Provisions of the	No. 56 of the
	law for the time being in	Resolution Plan.(
	force.	Page 151 of App)
		(Undertaking at page
		184 of App)
f)	Conforms to such other	Para 29(i)(7) at page
	requirements as maybe	No. 56 of the

	specified by the Board.	Resolution Plan.
		(Page 151 of App)
Mandatory contents	of Resolution Plan in terms	s of Regulation 38 of
CIRP Regulations		
38(1)	The amount due to the	Para 6.3 at page
	operational creditors under	No.20 of the
	a resolution plan shall be	Resolution Plan. (
	given priority in payment	Page 115 of App)
	over financial creditors	
38(1A)	A resolution plan shall	Para 7 at page No.
	include a Statement as to	34 of the Resolution
	how it has dealt with the	Plan. (Page 129 of
	interests of all	App)
	stakeholders, including	
	financial creditors and	
	operational creditors of the	
	corporate debtor.	
38(1B)	A resolution plan shall	Declaration in
	include a statement giving	Appendix-8 of the
	details if the resolution	Resolution Plan(
	applicant or any of its	Page 184 of App)
	related parties has failed to	
	implement or contributed	
	to the failure of	
	Implementation of any	
	other resolution plan	
	approved by the	
	Adjudicating Authority at	
	any time in the past.	
38(2)	A resolution plan shall	Para 16 at page No.

	provide:	43 of the Resolution
	(a) the term of the plan and	Plan. (Page 138 of
	its implementation	App)
	schedule;	
	(b) the management and	Para 15 at page No.
	control of the business of	43 of the Resolution
	the corporate debtor	Plan. (Page 138 of
	during its term; and	App)
	c) adequate means for	Para 14 at page No.
	supervising its	42 of the Resolution
	implementation.	Plan. (Page 137 of
		App)
38(3)	A resolution plan shall	Clause-13 &
	demonstrate that:	Schedule 4, Cause of
	(a) it addresses the	Default-Clause 13 &
	cause of default;	14 (Page 137 of
	(b) it is feasible and	App)
	viable;	
	(c) it has provisions for	No specific approval
	its effective	has been sought in
	implementation;	the plan. However
	(d) it has provisions for	licenses required in
	(a) it has provisions for	ncenses required in
	approvals required	the normal course of
	_	the normal course of
	approvals required	the normal course of
	approvals required and the timeline for	the normal course of business is mentioned in
	approvals required and the timeline for the same; and (e)	the normal course of business is mentioned in
	approvals required and the timeline for the same; and (e) the Resolution	the normal course of business is mentioned in Schedule 5 Schedule
	approvals required and the timeline for the same; and (e) the Resolution Applicant has the	the normal course of business is mentioned in Schedule 5 Schedule

terms of regulat	terms of regulation 37 of CIRP Regulations:					
	The Resolution Plan provides for the measures , as may					
	be necessary, for insolvency resolution of the Company					
	for maximization of value of its assets, including but					
	not limited to the f	ollowing:				
i.	Any proposal on	Regulation-37(a)	Not proposed by			
	transfer of all or	of CIRP	SRA			
	part of the assets	Regulations				
	of the corporate					
	debtor to one or					
	more persons.					
ii.	Any proposed	Regulation 37 (b)	Not proposed by			
	sale of all or part	of CIRP	SRA			
	of the assets	Regulations				
	whether subject					
	to any security					
	interest or not.					
iii.	Any proposed	Regulation 37(c)	Not proposed by			
	substantial	of CIRP	SRA			
	acquisition of	Regulations				
	shares of the					
	corporate debtor					
	or the merger or					
	consolidation of					
	the corporate					
	debtor with one					
	or more persons					
iv.	Any proposed	Regulation 37(ca)	Not proposed by			
	cancellation of	of CIRP	SRA			
	any shares of the	Regulations				

	corporate debtor,		
v.	Any proposed	Regulation37 (e)	Not provided by
	curing or waiving	of CIRP	SRA
	of any breach of	Regulations	
	the terms of any		
	debt due from		
	the Corporate		
	Debtor.		
v.	Any proposed	Regulation 37 (f)	Amount paid to
	reduction in the	of CIRP	all stakeholders
	amount payable	Regulations	is given in
	to the creditors		Clause-7 (Page
			129 of App)
vi.	Any proposed	Regulation 37 (g)	Not proposed by
	extension of	of CIRP	SRA
	maturity date or	Regulations	
	a change in		
	interest rate or		
	other terms of a		
	debt due from		
	the corporate		
	debtor;		
vii.	Any proposed	Regulation37 (h)	Not proposed by
	amendment of	of CIRP	SRA
	the constitutional	Regulations	
	documents of the		
	corporate debtor;		
viii.	Any proposed	Regulation 37 (i)	Not proposed by
	issuance of	of CIRP	SRA
	securities of the	Regulations	

	Company, for		
	cash, property,		
	securities, or in		
	exchange for		
	interests, or		
	other Appropriate		
	purpose;		
ix.		Regulation 37 (j)	
	change in	of CIRP	SRA
	portfolio of goods	Regulations	
	or services		
	produced or		
	rendered by the		
	corporate Debtor		
X.	Any proposed	Regulation37 (k)	Not proposed by
	change in	of CIRP	SRA
	technology used	Regulations	
	by the corporate		
	debtor.		
xi.	List and status of	Regulation 37 (l)	Schedule-5 &
	necessary	of CIRP	Schdule-6 of the
	approvals from	Regulations	Plan. (Page 166
	the Central/State		& 167 of App)
	Governments		
	and other		
	Authorities		

2. In so far as the approval of the resolution plan is concerned, this Adjudicating Authority follows the judgement of the **Hon'ble Supreme**

Court in the matter of K.Sashidhar v. Indian Overseas Bank (2019) 12 CC 150, wherein the scope and interference of the Adjudicating Authority in the process of the approval of the Resolution Plan is elaborated as follow:-

35. Whereas, the discretion of the adjudicating authority (NCLT) is circumscribed by Section 31 limited to scrutiny of the resolution plan "as approved" by the requisite percent of voting share of financial creditors. Even in that enquiry, the grounds on which the adjudicating authority can reject the resolution plan is in reference to matters specified in Section 30(2), when the resolution plan does not conform to the stated requirements. Reverting to Section 30(2), the enquiry to be done is in respect of whether the resolution plan provides: (i) the payment insolvency resolution process costs in a specified manner in priority to the repayment of other debts of the corporate debtor, (ii) the repayment the debts of operational creditors prescribed (iii) the management of the affairs of the corporate debtor, (iv) manner, the implementation and supervision of the resolution plan, (v) does not contravene any of the provisions of the law for the time being in force, (vi) conforms to such other requirements as may be specified by the Board. The Board referred to is established under Section 188 of the I&B Code. The powers and functions of the Board have been delineated in Section 196 of the I&B Code. None of the specified functions of the Board, directly or indirectly, pertain to regulating the manner in which the financial creditors ought ought not to exercise their commercial wisdom during the voting on the resolution plan under Section 30(4) the I&BCode. The subjective satisfaction of the financial creditors at the time of voting is bound to be a mixed baggage of variety of factors. To wit, the feasibility and viability of the proposed resolution plan and including their perceptions about the general capability of the resolution applicant to translate the projected plan into a reality. The resolution applicant may have given projections backed by normative

data but still in the opinion of the dissenting financial creditors, it would not be free from being speculative. These aspects are completely within the domain of the financial creditors who are called upon to vote on the resolution plan under Section 30(4) of the I&B Code.

3. Also the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in the matter of <u>Committee of Creditors of Essar Steel India Limited vs. Satish Kumar Gupta & Ors.</u>, <u>Civil Appeal No. 8766-67 of 2019</u>, <u>vid its judgement dated 15.11.2019</u> has observed as follows:

"38. This Regulation fleshes out Section 30(4) of the Code, making it clear that ultimately it is the commercial wisdom of the Committee of Creditors which operates to approve what is deemed by a majority of such creditors to be the best resolution plan, which is finally accepted after negotiation of its terms by such Committee with prospective resolution applicants."

- 4. Thus, from the judgements cited supra, it is amply clear that only limited judicial review is available to the Adjudicating Authority under Section 30(2) read with Section 31 of the Code, 2016 and this Adjudicating Authority cannot venture into the commercial aspects of the decisions taken by the committee of the creditors.
- 5. Therefore, in our considered view, there is no impediment in giving approval to the Resolution Plan. Accordingly, we hereby **approve the Resolution Plan**, which shall be binding on the corporate debtor and its employees, shareholders of corporate debtor, creditors including the Central Government, any State Government or any local authority to whom statutory dues are owed, guarantors, successful resolution applicant and other stakeholders involved. In view of the above, *I.A.* 2414/ND/2022 stands allowed.
- 6. It is declared that the moratorium order passed by this Adjudicating Authority under Section 14 of the Code shall cease to have effect from the date of pronouncement of this order.
- 7. However, the resolution plan shall not construe any waiver to any statutory obligations/liabilities arising out of the approved resolution plan and the

same shall be dealt in accordance with the appropriate authorities concerned as per relevant laws. We are of the considered view that if any waiver is sought in the resolution plan, the same shall be subject to approval by the concerned authorities. The same view has been held by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **Ghanshyam Mishra and Sons Private Limited vs. Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited and Embassy Property Development case (supra).**

8. Accordingly, MoA and AoA of the corporate debtor shall be amended and filed with the RoC for information and record as prescribed. While approving the 'resolution plan' as mentioned above, it is clarified that the resolution applicant shall pursuant to the resolution plan approved under section 31(1) of the Code, 2016, obtain all the necessary approvals as may be required under any law for the time being in force within the period as provided for such in law.

- 9. The Resolution Professional shall forward all records relating to the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process of the corporate debtor and the Resolution Plan to IBBI to be recorded at its database in terms of Section 31(3)(b) of the Code. The Resolution Professional is further directed to handover all the records, premises, properties of the corporate debtor to the Successful Resolution Applicant to ensure a smooth implementation of the resolution plan.
- 10. The approved 'Resolution Plan' shall become effective from the date of passing of this order. The Approved Resolution Plan shall be part of this order.
- 11. Let the copy of the order be served to the parties.

Sd/-

Sd/-

(ATUL CHATURVEDI)
MEMBER (TECHNICAL)

(BACHU VENKAT BALARAM DAS)
MEMBER (JUDICIAL)